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APPLICATION NO	).	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/743,382		12/23/2003	Manabu Kanzaki	12054-0022	7924
22902	7590	09/01/2006		EXAMINER	
CLARK	<del>-</del> -	_	ALEXANDER, MICHAEL P		
1090 VERMONT AVENUE, NW SUITE 250				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON, DC 20005				1742	
				DATE MAILED: 09/01/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/743,382	KANZAKI, MANABU	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Michael P. Alexander	1742	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONEI	L. viely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 Ju 2a)⊠ This action is FINAL. 2b)☐ This 3)☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final.  nce except for formal matters, pro		
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-3 and 10-12 is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-3 and 10-12 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the original transfer of the Park Theorem 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Expression of the Park Theorem 11.	epted or b) objected to by the Eddrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage	
AMORPHONIS			
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:		

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Claim(s) 1-3 and 10-12 is/are pending.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 2-3 and 11-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Smith (US 4,761,190).

Regarding claims 2-3 and 11-12, Smith teaches (col. 3 lines 13-45) a nickel alloy (i.e. INCONEL alloy 625) inherently having the claimed composition. The Examiner asserts that the alloy would inherently have the claimed low angle boundary rate of 4% or more as for the grain boundaries formed as a result of solution treatment at 900 degrees and obtained by applying a heat treatment for precipitating inducing carbides to precipitate at the grain boundaries after solution treatment so as to provide excellent resistance to intergranular stress corrosion cracking because Smith teaches the same composition and substantially the same processing as that of the claimed invention (i.e. cold working at up to 80% followed by annealing (i.e. solution treatment) at 1038-1121 degrees C followed by using the product at 649-816 degrees C). See MPEP 2112.01 I.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith (US 4,761,190).

Regarding claims 1 and 10, Smith teaches (col. 3 lines 6-45) a nickel alloy having amounts of C, Si, Mn, P, S, Cr, Ni, Al, Ti and Fe which overlap with the claimed ranges, which is prima facie evidence of obviousness. See MPEP 2144.05 I. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to select the desire amounts of each of the elements from the ranges of Smith because Smith teaches the same utility throughout the disclosed ranges. The Examiner asserts that the alloy would inherently have the claimed low angle boundary rate of 4% or more as for the grain boundaries formed as a result of solution treatment at 900 degrees and obtained by applying a heat treatment for precipitating inducing carbides to precipitate at the grain boundaries after solution treatment so as to provide excellent resistance to intergranular stress corrosion cracking because Smith teaches the same composition and substantially the same processing as that of the claimed invention (i.e. cold working at up to 80% followed by

annealing (i.e. solution treatment) at 1038-1121 degrees C followed by using the product at 649-816 degrees C). See MPEP 2112.01 l.

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-3 and 10-12 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael P. Alexander whose telephone number is 571-272-8558. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 10:00 - 6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Roy V. King can be reached on 571-272-1244. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

∕⁄//( mpa

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